

# Silence Please

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### CIT Semester 1 Examinations 2018/19

<b>Note to Candidates:</b>	Check the <u>Programme Title</u> and the <u>Module Description</u> to ensure that you have received the correct examination. If in doubt please contact an Invigilator.		
<b>Module Title:</b>	<b>Engineering Maths 101</b>		
<b>Module Code:</b>	<b>MATH6005</b>		
<b>Programme Title(s):</b>	BEng Hons Chem&Biopharm Eng Y1 BEng (Hons) Structural Eng Y1 BEng (Hons) Mechanical Eng Y1 BEng Hons Biomedical Eng Y1 Cmn Entry Engineering Lvl 8 Y1		
<b>Block Code(s):</b>	<b>ECPEN_8_Y1</b>	<b>CSTRU_8_Y1</b>	<b>EMECH_8_Y1</b>
	<b>EBIOM_8_Y1</b>	<b>EOMNI_8_Y1</b>	
<b>External Examiner(s):</b>	<b>Prof. Brien Nolan</b>		
<b>Internal Examiner(s):</b>	Dr. Violeta Morari, Dr. Clodagh Carroll, Ms. Marie Nicholson		
<b>Instructions:</b>	Answer All Questions		
<b>Duration:</b>	2 Hours		
<b>Required Items:</b>	Calculator, Log/Formulae Tables		

1. (a) Given the matrices

$$A = [0, -1, 2], \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 7 & -3 \\ -1 & 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad I = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix},$$

find the matrix  $X$  such that  $(AB)I + C^T = C^2 + X$ .

[7 marks]

- (b) Using Gaussian Elimination find all values of the number  $a$  for which the following system has:

$$\begin{aligned} x + 2y + z &= 1 \\ 2x + 5y + 3z &= a \\ 3x + 4y + a^2z &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

- (i) No solutions.  
(ii) Infinitely many solutions.  
(iii) A unique solution.

[10 marks]

Obtain the solution in (ii).

[4 marks]

- (c) Use the inverse matrix method to solve the following linear system:

$$\begin{aligned} x + 3y - 2z &= 9 \\ 3x - 6y + 2z &= 1 \\ x + 6y - 3z &= 13 \end{aligned}$$

[13 marks]

[P.T.O]

Winter 2018

2. (a) Find the complex number  $z = a + bi$  if

$$\frac{3z}{1+i} - \frac{zi}{2-i} = \frac{32-74i}{5+5i}.$$

[8 marks]

(b) Let  $z = -2 + 2i$  and  $w = 3 - \sqrt{3}i$ .

(i) Convert  $z$  and  $w$  to polar form.

[7 marks]

(ii) Use your answers from part (i) to find  $z^4 \cdot w^2$ , giving your answer in polar form.

[4 marks]

(iii) Find  $\frac{z^6}{w^4}$ , giving your answer in polar form.

[4 marks]

(iv) Write  $z$  in exponential form.

[2 marks]

(c) Find all roots of the equation  $z^3 = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}i$ . Both polar and cartesian forms of the roots are required. Represent all roots on an Argand diagram.

[8 marks]

[P.T.O]

Winter 2018

3. (a) Consider the vectors  $\bar{a} = \bar{i} + 2\bar{j} + 3\bar{k}$  and  $\bar{b} = 2\bar{i} + 3\bar{j} + 5\bar{k}$ .
- (i) Find  $(\bar{a} + \bar{b}) \cdot (\bar{a} - \bar{b})$ . [4 marks]
- (ii) Find the angle between the vectors  $\bar{a}$  and  $\bar{b}$ . [7 marks]
- (iii) Find two unit vectors which are perpendicular to the plane spanned by  $\bar{a}$  and  $\bar{b}$ . [6 marks]
- (b) Find the volume of the parallelepiped with adjacent edges  $\overrightarrow{PQ}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{PR}$ ,  $\overrightarrow{PS}$  where  $P(1, 1, 1)$ ,  $Q(2, 0, 3)$ ,  $R(4, 1, 7)$  and  $S(3, -1, -2)$  are 4 points. [8 marks]
- (c) The force  $\vec{F} = 5\bar{i} - 6\bar{j} + 7\bar{k}$  is applied at the point  $P(1, 2, -3)$ .
- (i) Find the moment of this force about the origin. [4 marks]
- (ii) Find the moment of this force about the point  $Q(3, 2, -1)$ . [4 marks]

Winter 2018